

BUY A BOND FOR VICTORY

Big Push Is Being Earnestly Made for Liberty Loan

WORK BY BABY BOND COMMITTEE

Everywhere Preparations Being Rushed for Service in the War

New York, May 22.—Buy a bond for victory! New York in propagating this idea is putting its shoulder to the liberty loan campaign to-day in earnest. In the financial district 500 bond salesmen are soliciting subscriptions; the big retail department stores, as in Boston, are pushing a program that calls for selling a bond to every man, woman and child in New York City. The baby bond committee is spreading information country-wide about buying bonds on the installment plan, and is encouraging employers to make it easy for their employees to help the country win the war. While the financial campaign is going on with a new swing the military plans of the government are being worked out. The railroads are co-operating by releasing their chosen men for service in France with the regiments of engineers that France greatly needs in keeping open military lines of communication. The aircraft companies have made it possible for the council of national defense to announce that its program for the first year of the war contemplates sending 3,500 aeroplanes to Europe and the training of 6,000 aviators. Judge Lovett, president of the Union Pacific, has placed his whole time at the disposal of the Red Cross for the duration of the war and has been made chairman of a committee to eliminate waste and duplication in the work of relief. From the war department comes the disconcerting news that political pressure is being brought to bear upon Secretary Baker for army appointments for unqualified men who do not care to exert themselves to the extent of going to an officers' training camp. Conscientious officials are hoping that the secretary will withstand all such pressure.

SINKING OF AMERICAN WARSHIPS DENIED

Washington Has Heard Nothing of the Alleged Radio Report

Washington, May 22.—Com. Belknap, naval censor, says in regard to the report that two American destroyers and one American battleship have been lost that "The American navy is still afloat and that no such report has reached the department." The report was brought to a New England port by a British steamer. It was said the radio was picked up Sunday, coming apparently from a great distance. There were no details and the message was not in code. It could easily have been sent out by an irresponsible amateur or an enemy wireless.

"Come on Over, See My Corn Fall Off"

"I Put a Drop of 'Gels-It' on Last Night—Now Watch—"

"See—all you have to do is to use your two fingers and lift the corn right off. That's the way 'Gels-It' always works. You just put on about 2 drops. Then the corn not only shriv-



"That Was a Quick Funeral That Corn Had With 'Gels-It'."

els, but loosens from the toe, without affecting the surrounding flesh in the least. Why, it's almost a pleasure to have corns and see how 'Gels-It' gets them off in a hurry and without the least pain. I can wear tight shoes, dance and walk as though I never had corns."

"Gels-It" makes the use of toe-irritating salves, bandaging, tape, plasters and other things not only foolish, but unnecessary. Use this wonderful discovery, "Gels-It," for any soft or hard corn or callous. It is the new, simple, easy, quick way, and it never fails. You'll never have to cut a corn again with knives or scissors, and run chances of blood poison. Try "Gels-It" to-night!

"Gels-It" is sold everywhere, 25¢ a bottle, or sent on receipt of price by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Barre and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by F. G. Russell, E. A. Brown, and Cummings & Lewis.—Adv.

Yes, I candidly admit this is not a dry town, but—

French Dry Cleaning

for the eradication of dirt and grease from clothes, etc., beats any wet process you ever heard of. There is positively no odor, and, what's more, no chance of shrinkage, with absolute satisfaction.

Some things that need French Dry Cleaning:

Suits, Coats, Sweaters, Bath Robes, Skirts, Waists, Gloves, Portieres, Draperies, Silk Tapestries, Velours, Piano Scarfs, Couch Covers and many other little household articles at popular prices.

A nice line of MERCHANT TAILORING on hand.

H. A. Lundy
7 Pearl Street Phone 655

THE EFFICIENCY TEST

Is Fully Met by Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pepton Pills

Because of what it contains, of the way it is made and of the record it has achieved, Hood's Sarsaparilla is warmly recommended to you for rheumatism, catarrh, scrofula, eczema and other troubles arising from impure blood or low state of the system.

In cases that are radically anemic and nervous—marked by paleness, thin flesh, sleeplessness, nerve exhaustion, the power of Hood's Sarsaparilla is greatly increased by Pepton Pills, the new pepton, nux and iron tonic. These two medicines make the strongest combination course of treatment for the blood and nerves of which we have any knowledge.

Fine results follow this course of treatment—take Hood's Sarsaparilla regularly before meals, Pepton Pills after meals.

Thousands of families are taking these medicines. Let your family take them, too. Get them now.—Adv.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Yesterday's Scores.

At Detroit—New York-Detroit, rain.
At Chicago—Boston-Chicago, rain.
At Cleveland—Philadelphia-Cleveland, rain.
At St. Louis—Washington-St. Louis, rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	18	10	.643
New York	17	10	.630
Chicago	22	13	.629
Cleveland	18	16	.529
St. Louis	15	18	.455
Washington	13	17	.433
Detroit	11	18	.379
Philadelphia	8	20	.286

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Yesterday's Scores.

At Boston—Cincinnati 2, Boston 1 (10 innings).
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 4, Chicago 3.
At New York—New York 4, Pittsburgh 3.
At Brooklyn—St. Louis 6, Brooklyn 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	16	8	.667
Philadelphia	17	19	.654
Chicago	22	12	.647
St. Louis	15	13	.536
Cincinnati	14	19	.424
Boston	9	15	.375
Brooklyn	9	15	.375
Pittsburgh	10	21	.323

General Sporting Notes.

Christy Mathewson has two men hitting for 400 and three in the 300 class. Sisler has dropped from the top of the batting list in the American league to an average of .328. Tris Speaker has been gradually pulling into the lead.

McGraw has a fine team on paper, but they are not burning up the league in quite the same way McGraw was in hopes they would when he started out the first of the year. While it is a long way to the end of the journey, McGraw's men will undoubtedly find many rough and rocky ways along the western end of the circuit when he encounters the clubs, if they play the same kind of ball which they have been displaying in the East. Just at present McGraw and his Giants are trailing Fred Mitchell and his Cubs by a margin of 15 points and Mitchell has been winning his games on the road.

The four no-hit games hurled by the major league pitchers has formed a new record for this early in the season, and it will take but three more to break all records and set a new mark. The pitching of the big league twirlers has been extra good this spring, while the batting of the various nines around the two circuits has been a little off color. The boxmen who have pitched no-hit games thus far are Mogridge, Vaughan, Bob Groom and Cicotte. Vaughan, Cicotte and Groom are all seasoned veterans of many campaigns and on all occasions it is the first no-hit games of their careers.

Pat Moran says that when Oeschger masters control he will be one of the best pitchers in the game.

Braves Field in Boston and Pittsburgh have a lot of petty gambling which has become a great nuisance.

With Pratt on the hospital list and Weiman in retirement, the Browns are in a bad way. Manager Ganes is trying his first baseman, Paulette, at the middle station with rather poor results.

Benny Kauff is hitting the ball at a steady gait, and those who scoffed at him once are keeping silent.

Mogridge had Ty Cobb's game in Friday's game at New York. The big right fielder failed to reach first base in any of his four trips to the plate.

Tom Tomasi held Springfield to nine hits and won his game by a score of 2 to 1 in the Tufts-Springfield contest last Saturday.

Vermont gave Middlebury some surprise in the game Saturday, when they won by a score of 7 to 0.

In the game at the Polo grounds Saturday, Smith, the New York recruit, was presented a gold watch by several of his college chums at Columbia university.

Jack Barry is getting a good deal of credit for developing Jack Agnew. Agnew was good in St. Louis but has taken a slip up since he joined the Red Sox.

WEBSTERVILLE

All members of Robert Emmett court, No. 564, C. O. F., are requested to meet at the home of our late brother, Marc Duquette, Wednesday, May 23, at 8 a. m. Please bring gloves and badges.

Dance in East Barre opera house Friday night, May 25. Esterbrook's orchestra, the best in town. Dancing from 8 till 2. Prices, 75¢ per couple.—adv.

Members of L'Union St. John the Baptist are requested to meet with badges at Giguere's store, Websterville, Wednesday at 8 a. m., to attend the funeral of brother "Mike" Duquette. August Desilets, president.

There will be a social in the Websterville Baptist church Wednesday evening, May 23. Everybody welcome. Admission, adults, 15¢; children, 10¢. Refreshments will be served. All the children be at the church at 6 o'clock for practice.—adv.

Arthur Sowles, repairer of boots and shoes, workers' gloves and mittens, soldering and wood splitting, asks his customers to leave work at the Genest house early mornings or nights and the work will be properly done as cheap as anyone.—adv.

DECISIONS OF SUPREME COURT

\$15,000,000 Copper Suit Was Lost by Arthur P. Heinze

SHORT HAUL CLAUSE UPHELD

Interesting Interpretations of Workmen's Compensation Laws

Washington, May 22.—Arthur P. Heinze, representing the Heinze copper interests, by a supreme court decision yesterday, lost proceedings for \$15,000,000 treble damages under the Sherman anti-trust law against the Amalgamated Copper company, the Loviston interests, William Rockefeller and others, charged with attempted monopoly of the Montana copper industry.

The court sustained dismissal of the Heinze suit.

The New York workmen's compensation law, recently upheld as constitutional by the supreme court, was construed yesterday by the court as not applicable to workmen injured on ships while in New York navigable waters.

The general and federal maritime laws, the court decided, are exclusive and paramount.

The New York law, by yesterday's decision, was construed as not applicable to railroad workmen injured while actually in interstate commerce. As to such, the federal employers' liability act was held paramount and exclusive. The supreme court reversed New York state compensation awards to James Windfield, a New York Central track laborer.

The Ohio workmen's compensation and employers' liability laws, the supreme court decided, are applicable to workmen injured on ships while in Ohio navigable waters.

Provisions of Missouri statutes of 1909, prohibiting railroads from fixing higher freight rates for a short than a long haul, whether such rate discrimination is reasonable or unjust, were yesterday sustained as constitutional by the supreme court.

Decisions of Missouri courts upholding the short clause and a verdict of \$16,504 for over charges and penalties in favor of the McGraw Coal Co., of Lafayette county, against the Missouri Pacific railroad, were affirmed.

The interstate commerce commission the supreme court decided, has power to compel railroads to furnish "a reasonably adequate" supply of coal cars to handle "normal and seasonal" demands and to award reparation to shippers for failure to supply such cars.

POOR MUST PAY TAXES, TOO.

Dr. Eliot Says Tax Dodger Will Become "Morally Pauperized"

Cambridge, Mass., May 22.—The poor man, to retain his self-respect, must pay taxes as well as the rich, according to President Emeritus Eliot of Harvard, who in an open letter denounces tax dodging and in which he says that the tax dodger with a small income will become "morally pauperized." The letter in part is as follows:

"If then the great majority of the voters, who are always of moderate or narrow incomes, use their power to avoid paying any taxes themselves they will surely lose their self-respect, and those sturdy, independent, honest and just qualities which alone befit freemen."

"By their own selfish and mean action, they become morally pauperized. The action of the American democracy on income tax already shows signs of this insidious demoralization."

"The poor get their comforts and luxuries to a large extent out of public expenditures. If they have not knowingly contributed to the public income, they are getting these comforts and luxuries out of an income which is not their own."

Purifies
Highly antiseptic.
Used as a curative agent for all external skin troubles. Cleanses permanent blemishes and reduces unsightly color. Ideal for correcting greasy skin.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream
Send 10c. for Trial Size
FERD. T. HOPKINS & SON, New York



Outgrow the Trolleys
When you ride a bicycle there's no more waiting on street corners, no missing of cars, no crowding, no crushed corns, no breathing of foul air. You get home quicker. Fares saved pay for the bicycle in six months.

IVER JOHNSON
Truss-Bridge BICYCLE

For nearly thirty years the Iver Johnson has ranked as an honestly made, smooth and easy running, exceptionally fast bicycle. It is splendidly finished with five coats of baked and hand rubbed enamel and heavy nickel over copper plate. Equipment is of the finest. Prices \$30 and \$40, with special models a little higher.

Ask for 2-page Catalog of Bicycles and motorcycles

A. M. FLANDERS
207 North Main Street

IT IS SERIOUS

Some Barre People Fail to Realize the Seriousness of a Bad Back

The constant aching of a bad back, the weariness, the tired feeling, the pains and aches of kidney ills.

May result seriously if neglected.

Dangerous kidney troubles often follow.

A Barre woman shows you what to do.

Mrs. H. U. Cheney, 55 Summer street, Barre, says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone. I have used them whenever I have had any signs of kidney trouble and they have always benefited me. Doan's Kidney Pills are a medicine of great merit."

Price 50¢, at all dealers'. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Cheney had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE REGISTRATION OF SICK AND ABSENTEES

A. Registration of Sick.

1. Duties of Persons to Be Registered.

Persons who are too sick to present themselves for registration on the day set by the president will cause themselves to be registered as follows:

1. Any day after the president's proclamation and before the day of registry, have some competent person apply to the town or city clerk of your home town or city or the city or town where you are for a copy of the registration card and for authority to fill it out.

2. When the card is brought from the town clerk's office, answer questions 1-12; have your answers written out by the person whom you send for the card, and then sign the report.

3. Have the report on the back of the card filled out and signed by the person bringing the card.

4. Mail the card when filled out to the town clerk of your home town. Write on the lower left-hand corner of envelope, Registration card of..... (Town or city)..... (State).....

5. If you desire a registration certificate, enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope.

1. Duty of Town Clerk.

When a person applies to you for the purpose of registering a sick person:

1. Satisfy yourself that the applicant is a citizen of the United States or a person (not an alien enemy) who has declared his intentions to become a citizen of the United States.

2. Have the applicant swear to and subscribe the oath required of registrars.

3. Give the applicant the registration card, form 1.

4. File the oath sworn to and subscribed by the applicant with the county clerk.

B. Registration of Absentees.

If you are absent from your home city or town after the publication of the president's proclamation and cannot be at home on registration day:

1. After the president's proclamation is published, go to the office of the clerk of the town where you are and request the clerk to make out your registration card.

2. Answer the questions on the front of the card, sign your name and have the clerk fill in the registrar's report on the back.

3. Mail the card to the clerk of your home town or city, so that it will reach him by the day designated as registration day. Write on the lower left-hand corner of the envelope, Registration card of..... (Town or city)..... (State).....

4. If you desire a registration certificate, enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope.

C. Duties of Town and City Clerks with Respect to Cards of Sick and Absentees.

1. Upon receipt by mail of registration cards, form 1, of persons sick or absent, keep the cards until the day of registration.

2. Upon the day of registration, open the envelope, file the cards of your town, numbering each.

3. In case an addressed stamped envelope has been inclosed, mail a certificate of registration to the person registered.

These regulations supersede all regulations heretofore issued covering the above points.

Leo S. Tillotson,
The Adjutant-General.

GRANITEVILLE

Miss May Moir, who is employed in Montpelier, is spending a week's vacation with her sister, Mrs. Edward Nutbrown.

Dance in East Barre opera house Friday night, May 25. Esterbrook's orchestra, the best in town. Dancing from 8 till 2. Prices, 75¢ per couple.—adv.

All members of Robert Emmett court, No. 564, C. O. F., are requested to meet at the home of our late brother, Marc Duquette, Wednesday, May 23, at 8 a. m. Please bring gloves and badges.

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RIOT IN LISBON.

Portuguese are Feeling Pinch of Food Shortage.

Lisbon, via Paris, May 21.—The scarcity of bread and potatoes has caused an outbreak of rioting. Mobs attacked several stores. Order was restored by the police.

WASHINGTON COUNTY FARM BUREAU ASSOCIATION.

Report for Week Ending May 19.

Letters written	17
Calls at headquarters	49
Farm visits made	27
Meetings	5
Attendance	713
Miles traveled	273

The attendance and demonstrations at the patriotic food rallies held in the county during the past week, especially those at South Barre and East Barre, give plenty of evidence that the people are awake to the necessity of producing more food during this period of war with the German government. Probably the most noticeable result of this work has been the large increase in the number of gardens in the cities and villages and the large increase in the number of working men who are obtaining land outside of their gardens to grow potatoes, beans and corn. This practice cannot be overdone, and I take this opportunity to urge all who can possibly do so to obtain some land as near as possible to the house and grow enough potatoes and beans for home consumption at least.

During the past three weeks several of the alfalfa demonstrations in the county have been visited. The cold backward weather has prevented the alfalfa plants from starting up quickly. However, I have not yet noted even a partial failure in any of the plots. Mr. McFarland of South Barre has put the disk harrow on his two-year-old lot to clear out the grass and weeds and the alfalfa is coming on nicely. The plots at Mr. Pike's in Berlin and Mr. Ladd's in Worcester, sowed last year, are showing up very nicely, and the one at E. C. Gould's in Cabot has started especially well in spite of the heavy crop of weeds which started with the alfalfa when it was sowed last spring. So far little difference has been noted in the relative value of the Grimm and the common seed. However, later developments will give us more conclusive evidence in this respect. The portion of the plot at Mr. Gould's that was not limed shows plainly that lime is necessary to get the best results with alfalfa.

The recent census carried out in the county in regard to the dairy problems brought in some interesting figures in regard to pork production. From the summary of these reports it is deduced that the average farm in Washington county has 16 cows, while the average farm sells a little less than 10 head of hogs per farm. I find that the best farmers, those whose farms are best balanced and the best paying, are selling at least one hog for every milch cow which they keep. This would mean that our average pork sales should be 16 head per year instead of a little less than 10, as it is. I am thoroughly convinced that this situation can be brought about if we will only use the proper methods of feeding and care of the hogs, keeping account of their feed so that we will know when they cease to make economical gains and should be sold. It is entirely possible for the average farmer to keep twice as many hogs as he keeps at present on practically the same feed if he will introduce the practice of pasturing hogs on green feed, such as Dwarf Essex rape, peas and oats, or clover, or a mixture of all of the above. Such pasture feed in this combination with the same meal which the farmer has been in the habit of feeding his hogs should keep twice as many head and make him twice as much profit. This matter is of particular importance at this time when the price of pork is so high, and when we have 40 per cent less pork in storage than there was a year ago.

I received a communication from the government this week in which they state that further applications for inoculating material for legumes cannot be furnished through the months of May, June and July on account of the tremendous amounts called for by the farmers of the country. There is, however, a substitute for this which can be obtained of different companies who are making inoculating material for legumes and who will sell it to anyone who wants. The names of these concerns and their places of business will be furnished upon application.

F. H. Abbott,
County Agent.

GERMANY EXPRESSES "REGRET" TO SWEDEN

The Swedes Are Aroused Over the Sinking of Three of Their Ships.

Copenhagen, May 22.—A despatch from Stockholm yesterday says that the German minister has called upon the Swedish foreign minister and expressed the deepest regret over the sinking by German submarines of the Swedish steamships Vesterland, Aspen and Viten.

London, May 22.—Three Swedish steamships carrying grain, recently sunk by Great Britain, have been released by German submarines, and there is much indignation in Stockholm. The ships were the Vesterland, Aspen and Viten.

The Swedish minister in Berlin has been instructed by the Swedish government to make a protest to the German government. Eight members of the Viten's crew and two members of the Vesterland's crew were lost.

The ships were released under the recent reciprocal agreement freeing the entente allies' tonnage in the Bothnian gulf. They have been eagerly awaited by the Swedish government because of the grain and food shortage which harasses the country.

HANCOCK

Elmer Eaton is able to be out after his recent illness with pneumonia.

Elwin Scott of Barre visited his parents here last week and they returned with him to Barre for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Jones and little daughter of Salisbury are visiting relatives in town.

Elmore Goodyear's farmhouse was burned early Tuesday morning, May 15. Rinaldo Whittier was in Manchester, N. H., last week.

Mrs. Mary Riley of Granville has been a recent guest of her daughter, Mrs. Pearl Dunham.

Wayne and Daniel Dunham were in Middlebury last week.

The Andrews family are all recovering from the measles.

ORANGE.

Dance in East Barre opera house Friday night, May 25. Esterbrook's orchestra, the best in town. Dancing from 8 till 2. Prices, 75¢ per couple.—adv.

ORANGE COUNTY FARMERS' ASSOCIATION NOTES.

Notes for Week Ending May 19.

Any farmer having any surplus of corn possible for seed, India or buckwheat, beans or potatoes will confer a favor on other farmers less fortunate in regard to seed supply by reporting to the county agent. Requests so far have been more common than supplies.

With a shortage of those seeds which many wish to use, there will be many who have planned for crops which they cannot get. To these the suggestion is given that more oats be sowed. Seed oats are plenty and their value for feed next winter will make them well worth the crop. In this northern climate it is possible to sow them late and still get a fair crop. If they did not fill well they could be cut for hay, making a good addition to the roughage supply.

In all the talk for a larger crop production this year there has been too little said for the dairy cow. At no time has she been as desirable on the farm as at present. From reports from the United States as a whole comes the information that her number is being reduced because of high prices of feeds. Milk is and will be at double the present price one of the cheapest of food products. The demand is going to be greater another year for this reason. Keep your dairy cows if possible. I believe that prices must be higher another year and that with the increase in home-grown grains, better selection, care and method of feeding, she will continue to be our chief source of income. Plan now to keep records and treat your cow the coming season as an efficient machine, selling her only when you have proved she cannot be made to pay a profit. With the high prices for veal less calves are being raised in many sections. This means that those who are raising calves can get higher prices for dairy stock later. Are you planning for this? It takes two years to build a milk-producing heifer.

The following figures are taken from the May crop report issued by the department of agriculture:

"The condition of winter wheat on May 1 this year was 73.2, the lowest it has been on that date since 1888. The abandonment of acreage planted is the heaviest ever recorded, nearly 31 per cent. This leaves an estimated produc-

tion of 125,000,000 bushels less than the average for the last five years.

"One hundred seven million, seven hundred eighty-one thousand, four hundred and fifteen bushels of grain materials were used in the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916, for the production of alcoholic liquors."

"The level of prices paid to producers for the principal crops increased 24.6 per cent during April against an average of 3 per cent for the last nine years. This was 104.5 per cent higher than the average for the last nine years. The price of meat animals increased 9.4 per cent, making them 67.2 per cent higher than the average for the last seven years."

Summary for week ending May 19:

of most animals increased 9.4 per cent making them 67.2 per cent higher than the average for the last seven years."

Summary for week ending May 19:

Days in office	1.5
Days in field	4.5
Office and telephone calls	9
Letters written	15
Farm calls	56
Meetings	3
Attendance	72
Miles traveled	361